

## Knowledge Organiser—Year 5

“How did a metal ship weighing thousands of tonnes ever float?”

### Vocabulary

**Titanic**—a word derived from the Greek mythology, meaning gigantic.

**R.M.S**—Royal Mail Ship.

**Maiden voyage**—the first journey of a ship.

**First class**—a person believed to be very important, who is given preferential treatment.

**Second class**—a working class person.

**Third class**—a person who is considered to be lower in class.

**En-route**— on the way.

**Transatlantic**—crossing the Atlantic Ocean.

**Propeller**—a device that makes a ship move.

**Iceberg**—a large floating mass of ice.

**Disaster**—a sudden accident that causes great damage/death.

**Lifeboat**—a specially constructed boat to rescue people in distress at sea.

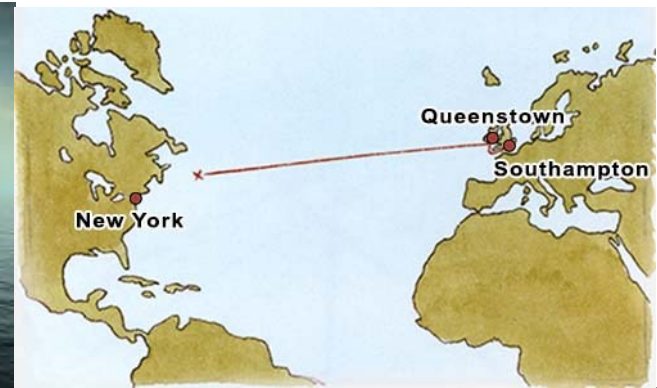
**Unsinkable**—cannot be sunk.

**Survivors**— a person who survives.

## R.M.S Titanic



## The voyage of the Titanic



Garfield Primary

### Key facts

R.M.S Titanic was built by the White Star Line and was the world's largest passenger liner.

J. Bruce Ismay owned White Star Line and therefore was the owner of the Titanic.

Construction of the Titanic started on 31st March 1909. It took over 3 years to build.

The maiden voyage began on 10th April 1912.

The Titanic disembarked from Southampton, heading for New York City.

E.J Smith was the Captain of the ship on its maiden voyage.

There were three classes of people on board the RMS Titanic. First, second and third class.

The crew were so sure of the Titanic's safety that they did not carry enough lifeboats for all the passengers on-board.

14th April 1912— The Titanic collided with an iceberg whilst in the Atlantic Ocean.

15th April 1912—The Titanic sank, killing 1506 passengers and crew.

1985—The wreck of the Titanic was discovered.

Captain E.J Smith

